

**Fourth Semester FYUGP Degree (Reg) Examination April
2026**

KU4DSCMAT201 - ANALYTIC GEOMETRY

2024 Admission onwards

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Section A

Answer any 6 questions. Each carry 3 marks.

- Find the radius of curvature of $y = x^3$ at $(0, 0)$.
- Find the radius of curvature of $y = \sin x$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$.
- Find the vertices of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{36} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$.
- Find the slope of the tangent to $y = \ln x$ at $x = e$.
- Find the slope of the tangent to the curve $y = x^3$ at $(1, 1)$.
- Determine the orientation of the curve $x = \cos t, y = \sin t, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.
- Write parametric equations for the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ traced clockwise.
- Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for $x = 2t + 1, y = 4t - 3$ at any t .

Section B

Answer any 4 questions. Each carry 6 marks.

- Derive the standard equation of an ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ using the definition.
- Find the equation of the ellipse with foci $(\pm 4, 0)$ and vertices $(\pm 5, 0)$.
- Prove that the curves $x^2 - y^2 = a^2$ and $xy = c^2$ intersect orthogonally.
- Find parametric equations for the circle of radius 3 centered at $(-2, 4)$ oriented counterclockwise.
- Find the points on the curve $x = t - 2 \sin t, y = 3 - 2 \cos t$ where the tangent is horizontal for $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.
- Find the equation of the tangent and normal to the curve $x = a \cos \theta, y = a \sin \theta$ at $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

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Section C

Answer any 2 questions. Each carry 14 marks.

- Write the standard forms of parabolas in all four orientations.
 - Find the focus and directrix of the parabola $y^2 = 12x$.
 - Find the equation of the parabola with vertex at origin and passing through $(2, 8)$ symmetric about y-axis.
- Find the arc length of the parametric curve $x = 3 \cos t, y = 3 \sin t$ from $t = 0$ to $t = \pi$.
 - Find the arc length of the asteroid $x = a \cos^3 \theta, y = a \sin^3 \theta$ for $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$.
 - Find the arc length of the parametric curve $x = 2t, y = 2t$ from $t = 0$ to $t = 3$.
- Find the radius of curvature at $(3a/2, 3a/2)$ on the folium $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$.
 - Show that the radius of curvature at any point of the cycloid $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta), y = a(1 - \cos \theta)$ is $4a \cos \frac{\theta}{2}$.